

# Times tables: the 21 facts\*

1



$1 \times 1 = 1$   
 $1 \times 2 = 2$   
 $1 \times 3 = 3$   
 $1 \times 4 = 4$   
 $1 \times 5 = 5$   
 $1 \times 6 = 6$   
 $1 \times 7 = 7$   
 $1 \times 8 = 8$   
 $1 \times 9 = 9$

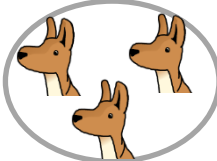
2

$2 \times 2 = 4$   
 $2 \times 3 = 6$   
 $2 \times 4 = 8$   
 $2 \times 5 = 10$   
 $2 \times 6 = 12$   
 $2 \times 7 = 14$   
 $2 \times 8 = 16$   
 $2 \times 9 = 18$



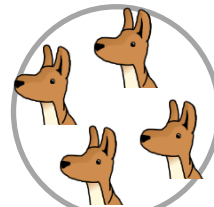
3

$3 \times 3 = 9$   
 $3 \times 4 = 12$   
 $3 \times 5 = 15$   
 $3 \times 6 = 18$   
 $3 \times 7 = 21$   
 $3 \times 8 = 24$   
 $3 \times 9 = 27$



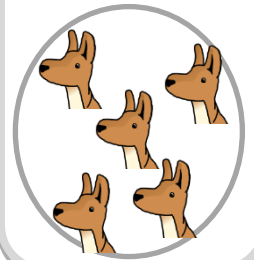
4

$4 \times 4 = 16$   
 $4 \times 5 = 20$   
 $4 \times 6 = 24$   
 $4 \times 7 = 28$   
 $4 \times 8 = 32$   
 $4 \times 9 = 36$



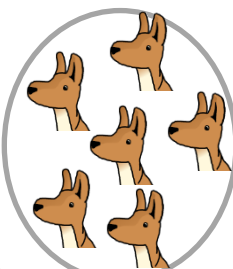
5

$5 \times 5 = 25$   
 $5 \times 6 = 30$   
 $5 \times 7 = 35$   
 $5 \times 8 = 40$   
 $5 \times 9 = 45$



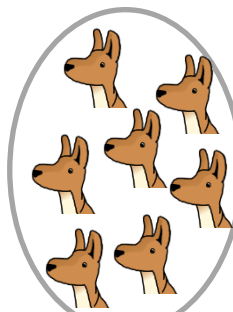
6

$6 \times 6 = 36$   
 $6 \times 7 = 42$   
 $6 \times 8 = 48$   
 $6 \times 9 = 54$



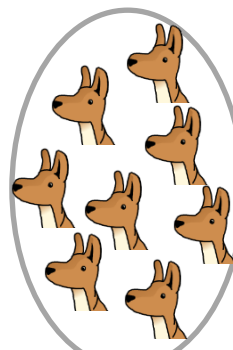
7

$7 \times 7 = 49$   
 $7 \times 8 = 56$   
 $7 \times 9 = 63$



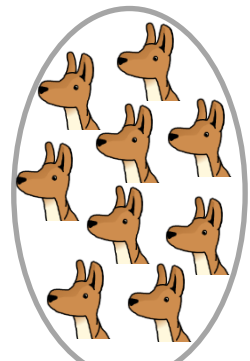
8

$8 \times 8 = 64$   
 $8 \times 9 = 72$



9

$9 \times 9 = 81$



\*if you already know your 1, 2 and 5 times tables

Based on an idea in 'The Maths Gene' by Keith Devlin